Course work for

Ph.D. Programme



Department of Communication Studies University of Pune

August, 2010

## PH.D PROGRAMME IN COMMUNICATION STUDIES

#### **Duration of the course work**

The duration of the course work will be one semester, spread over six months Coinciding with the academic calendar of the university

#### **Programme Structure**

The Ph.D. course work, which carries a total of 15 Credits, has three components:

#### (i) Basic Course (BC) (5 Credits)( compulsory)

## **BC: 01 Elements in Research Methodology**

This course provide the knowledge base in the theory and practice of research.

## (ii)): Optional Courses (OC) (4 Credits)

OC: 01 Communication and Culture

OC: 02 New media and Information Technology

OC: 03 Media Effects and Audiences

OC: 04 Film Studies

OC: 05 Media Management

Any **TWO** courses can be chosen by the student from the above course list.

#### (iii) Auxiliary Courses (AC) (6 Credits)

## AC:01 Media Seminar (2 Credits)

Conducted in an interactive and intensive seminar format, students examine special media topics by organizing a seminar at national level leading to class discussion and engaging in original research. Possible topics include, but are not limited to: new media and communication technologies; media and social movements; topics in cultural studies; media and democracy; media and community; audience reception of media and participatory media culture.

#### AC: 02 Mini Dissertation (Topic other than chosen for Ph.D prog.)(2 Credits)

# AC: 03 Publishing an article in peer reviewed Journal/Presenting a paper in National/International Seminar ( 2 Credits)

## The structure of the course work, thus, is as follows:

Course No.	Course Title		Credits
BC 01	Elements of Research Methodology		5
OC 01	To be chosen from the offerings in the department		2
OC 02	To be chosen from the offerings in the department		2
AC 01	Media Seminar		2
AC 02	Mini Dissertation		2
AC 03	Article/ Paper Presentation		2
	•	Total	(15)

In order to successfully complete the programme, a scholar will have to obtain minimum Grade Point Average (GPA) of 3.05 on a 6-Point Scale for each course Separately as per university rules. A scholar failing in any course will have to repeat that course.

# Syllabus for the Courses

## **BC:01 Elements in Research Methodology**

#### 1. Science and Research Methods

- Different method of knowing
- Concept of research
- Nature of scientific enquiry
- Historical development of research methods
- Lessons learnt form scientific methods

#### 2. Elements of Research

- Variables and constants
- Hypothesis
- Concepts and constructs
- Measurements and scales
- Theories and facts

#### 3. The Research Process

- Identifying interest areas and prioritizing
- Research issues and considerations in selection of the topic
- Importance of theory, literature review
- Scholarly arguments, support and relevance of the study
- Aims and objectives
- Approaches to research
- Methods of data collection
- Analysis to conclusions

#### 4. Types of Research

- Basic and Applied Research
- Historical Research
- Descriptive research Methods-survey, case study, correlational study, content analysis, Narrative and genre analysis, semiotic analysis, discourse analysis, Causal –comparative research
- Experimental Research, Quasi experimental research
- Qualitative research, ethnography, Evaluative research
- Participatory research, Action research
- Sociological approach of research

## 5. Sampling

- Basic concept
- Representativeness
- Probability and non probability sample- concepts
- Types of probability and non probability samples
- Practical guidelines for sampling

#### 6. Data Collections Methods

- Quantitative surveys
- Focus Group Discussion
- Personal Interviews
- Field Observations
- Comparative advantages and disadvantages

## 7. Statistical Analysis

- Importance of statistics in media research
- Descriptive statistics
- Correlations
- Inferential statistics- chi square, t test
- Practical examples
- Introduction to SPSS
- Use of Internet
- Usages of research journals, abstracts
- Evaluating research projects

#### 8. Qualitative Research Methods

- Description, Conceptual ordering and theorizing
- Analysis through microscopic examination of data
- Asking questions and making comparisons
- Different coding methods
- Emerging Applications of qualitative methods

## 9. Research Applications

- Nature of Internet medium
- Research and Internet- a background
- Data Collection approaches
- Various issues for internet research
- Challenges of internet research
- Importance of policy research
- Policy research process
- Multi-pronged strategy
- Recommendation
- Communicating policy research to policy makers

## 10. Publishing Research

- Avoiding writing traps
- Synthesizing research for theory and practice
- Writing quantitative research
- Writing qualitative research
- Writing critical essays, abstracts

- 1) Mass Media Research- Roger Wimmer & Joseph Dominick
- 2) Mass Communication Research Methods- Hsia H.J.
- 3) The Practice of Social Research-Babbie E. R.
- 4) Methods in Social Research- Kothari C. R
- 5) Basics of Qualitative Research- Strauss Anselm, Corbin Juliet
- 6) How to Publish Communication Research- Edt- Alison Alexander et al
- 7) Qualitative research methods in Public Relations and Marketing Communication- Daymon Christine and Holloway Immy

## OC: 1 Communication and Culture

## 1. Theories of Media, Culture and Society

- Media as mediators
- Academic origin and concerns
- Culture, Technology, Economy, Power and Effects
- Media as an important social institution
- Normative theories of media performance
- Issues of freedom, Equality, Diversity and Information quality

#### 2. Media And Culture

- Culture, Ideology and Popular culture
- Mass culture
- The concept of 'mass'
- Structuralism
- Post Structuralism
- Marxism
- Post modernism

## 3. Media Structure and Institution

- Features of media economy
- Organizational structure and performance
- Ownership and control
- Policy issues: Freedom, Regulation, Protection, Diversity
- Public interest, economic pressures and cultural issues
- Content: Freedom and gate-keeping
- Relations with society, clients and audiences
- Professional views, dilemmas and conflicts

#### 4. Media Content

- Content production- cultural production
- Standardization and Genres
- Issues- Bias, Representation, Commercialization

#### 5. Intercultural and Transnational Communication

- Interrelationship between media commercial interest and concepts of modernity
- Cultural Imperialism
- Globalization of media
- Issues of transnationalisation, cultural imbalance and cultural identity in media content

## 6. Popular Media and Issues of Identity and Representation

- Cultural Identities and media representations
- Representations of gender and sexuality
- Media and technology (new media)
- Globalization

- 1) The Audiences and Its Landscape- Hay James et al (Westview Press)
- 2) Desperately Seeking the Audiences- Ang Ien (Routledge Publications)
- 3) www.thehoot.org
- 4) Mass Communication Theory- McQuail Denis (Sage Publication)
- 5) Questioning the Media: Downing John et al (Sage Publication)
- 6) Mass Communication in India- Kumar Keval (Jaico publication)
- 7) www.indiantelevision.com
- 8) www.media4exchange.com
- 9) www.agencyfaqs.com
- 10) www.mediawatch.com

## OC: 02 New Media and Information Technology

## 1. Information Technology

- Meaning, Nature and Scope of Information Technology
- Emergence of Information Technology
- Applications of Information Technology

#### 2. Information and Knowledge Management Systems

- Nature and Scope of Information Systems and Knowledge Management System
- Tools and Techniques
- Applications

#### 3. Effective searching on internet

- Effective information searching
- Downloading and uploading of data
- Organizing downloaded content

## 4. Information Technology in Education

• Impact on Emerging Instructional Technology esp. e-learning

## 5. Knowledge Management in Education

- Introduction to Learning Management Systems
- Introduction to Course Management Systems
- Introduction to LCM Systems

#### **6. Learning Content Management Systems (LCMS)**

- Emergence of Learning Content Management Systems
- Design, Development and Deployment Tools and Techniques related to LCMS
- Authoring Tools (Special Emphasis)
- Tracking Tools
- Evaluation / Feedback tools
- Certification Tools
- Preview, Review and Revision Tools

## 7. Social Media

- Social Networking sites in research
- Various tools of social media
- Applications of social media

#### 8. Digital Library

- Understanding various digital media and file formats
- Organizing the downloaded content in CMS
- Digitization of existing content and integrating in CMS
- Backup and storage of the digital data.

#### 9. Virtual Classroom

- Satellite communication and Internet Technology in virtual classroom
- Live Video transmission
- Use of Interactive whiteboards while lecture delivery
- Storage, backup of video content for re-transmission

## 10. Communication Technology

- Synchronous communication
- Asynchronous communication
- Social Media
- Support system

- 1. IBM, PC, XT User' Handbook
- 2. Personal computer Book- Robin Bradbeer
- 3. Computer Handbook- Peter Rodwell
- 4. ET & T Series (Windows, Word, Excel, PowerPoint, Access)
- 5. Basic programming –A.P. Stephenson
- 6. The Beginner's Computer Handbook –USBORNE
- 7. Comprehensive Computer Studies by Peter Bishop

## OC:03 Media Effects and Audiences

## 1. History of Audiences

- Origin of mass audience
- Discovery of Audience as a group
- Centrality of audiences in communication discourse
- Academic origin and concerns
- 'Audiences' as an important socio-cultural phenomenon

## 2. Development and characteristics of Audiences

- 'Receivers' to 'Audiences'- a media continuum
- From 'Group' to 'Market'- a social continuum
- 'Mass-ness' of audience
- 'Audience-hood' in people, places, content and experiences
- Audiences as different constructs'

## 3. Understanding Mass Audiences

- A typology of mass audiences- society- media & micro-macro
- Mass audiences in critical perspectives
- Revisiting Structural tradition- Too simple?
- Revisiting Behavioral tradition- Questioning U&G
- Revisiting Cultural tradition –Escaping effects?

#### 4. Reaching Mass Audiences

- Audience in a flux
- Forces of change: Social, Economic and Technological Factors
- Abundance and Fragmentation: Moving away from 'Mass'?
- Need to 'reach' audiences and 'know' them too
- Scheduling and packaging

#### 5. Measuring Mass Audiences

- Various pressures for measuring audiences
- Key concepts for measurement-viewer, reader, listener

- The history and economics of audience measurement
- The rating systems and business
- Measurement Tools and Techniques for Television
- Measurement Tools and Techniques for Print Media
- Circulation and Readership
- Key measures: Average Issue Readership and Reading

## 6. Typologies of Audiences

- A Structural approach to audience formation
- The concept of active audience
- Use and Gratification: Functionalist model
- A pragmatic model of audience choice
- Negotiating Meanings: Semantic Differential Method
- Audience Composition
- Fragmentation
- The Transnational audience

#### 7. Audience practices and social uses of media

- Media use and every day life
- The construct of Media Usage: Event, Value and Interpretation
- Media Usage as Ritual/ Routine, Public and Pvt. Nature of Experience
- Social Factors: Subculture, Gender, Social Agent etc
- Normative Framing of Media Use
- Media and disadvantaged
- Towards a holistic understanding of audience-hood
- Future of the audience –New challenges

#### **Recommended resources:**

- 1) Audience Analysis- McQuail Denis (Sage Publications)
- 2) Mass Communication Theory- McQuail Denis (Sage Publication)
- 3) Introduction to Communication Studies- Fiske John
- 4) Electronic Meter Ratings- Buzzard Karen (Focal Press)
- 5) Measuring Media Audiences- Kent Reymond (Routledge Publications)
- 6) The Audiences and Its Landscape- Hay James et al (Westview Press)
- 7) A Handbook of Qualitative Research Methods for Mass Communication Jensenr K.B et al (Routledge Publications)
- 8) Desperately Seeking the Audiences- Ang Ien (Routledge Publications)
- 9) Questioning the Media- Downing John et al (Sage Publication)
- 10) Mass Communication in India- Kumar Keval (Jaico Publication)
- 11) Women Viewing Violence- Schlesinger Philip (Routledge Publications)
- 12) www.media4exchange.com and thehoot.org
- 13) www.agencyfaqs.com, imrbint.com

## OC: O5 Media Management

## 1. Principles of Management

- Functions of Management
- Planning-Its importance and coordinating
- Organizational Behavior
- Structure
- Systems
- Strategies
- Inter-personal relations
- Human Resources Development
- Motivation incentives/rewards and punishment
- Management tools: for planning, Budgeting, Scheduling
- Budgeting and Financial Systems and the use of Computers.
- Management information Systems and the use of Computers.
- Marketing/Promoting: Costing and pricing.

#### 2. Features of Media (Focus on TV and Radio):

- Characteristics of different Media.
- Structure of electronic Media in India.
- Structure of typical Programme production set up
- Present and emerging technologies.
- Role and functions of each position in a media set up
- Needs for team efforts.

## 3. Management of Media Organizations:

- Role of the manager.
- Creativity and management of creativity
- Planning and Scheduling.
- Financial aspects.
- Inventory management.
- Making use of the Research and Feedback.

- 1) Media and Communication Management-C.R. Rayudu
- 2) Management Principles and Practice-S. B. Banerjee.
- 3) Management An Integrated Approach -(ed.) R. S. Dwivedi, Nahal Publishing House
- 4) Gems of Management Mrutunior Banerjee, Jaico.
- 5) Management Principles and Practice- Dalton E. McFarland.
- 6) Essentials of Advertising J. S. Chauhan, Jagajit Singh, P. N. Malhan, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co.
- 7) Advertising and Communicating Management: Michael L. Ray, Prentice Hall
- 8) Organizing Educational Broadcasting: David Hawkridge and John Robinson, UNESCO/Croom Holm, U.K.
- 9) Essential of Management: Harold Koony and Heilg Weihrich.
- 10) Principles and Practice of Management Dr. P. C. Shejwalkar & Dr. A. A. Ghanekar

## **OC:04 Film Studies**

## 1. Why Study Cinema?

- Basic Concepts
- Macro and micro structure
- Image composition
- Organization of time and space and event in composition
- Narrative structures and elements

#### 2. History of Film

- History of world cinema, trends and changes
- Indian Cinema
- 'Popular cinema

#### 3. Film Theories

- Soviet theories
- European theories
- Feminist theories

## 2) Kinds of films

- Documentaries
- Docu-drama
- Political films
- Educational films
- Animation and short films
- Children's cinema

#### **Recommended resources:**

- 1) How to read a Film- James Monaccoe (Sage Publications)
- 2) Mass Communication Theory- McQuail Denis (Sage Publication)
- 3) Introduction to Communication Studies- Fiske John
- 4) Major film theories- Dudley Andrew
- 5) Teach yourself media studies -Downes Brend
- 6) Women Viewing Violence- Schlesinger Philip (Routledge Publications)
- 7) www.media4exchange.com and thehoot.org
- 8) www.agencyfaqs.com, imrbint.com